Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS

ISSUED WEEKLY

BY THE UNITED STATES
PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

VOLUME 34 :: :: NUMBER 46

NOVEMBER 14 - 1919

CONTENTS

Sickness Records for Industrial Establishments.
Malaria in England in 1917 and 1918
Child-welfare Organization
Cases of Venereal Diseases Reported
Ordinance Regulating Food and Soft Drink Establishments Upheld

WASHINGTON
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
1919

UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE.

RUPERT BLUE, *Surgeon General.*

DIVISION OF SANITARY REPORTS AND STATISTICS.

ASST. SURG. GEN. B. S. WARREN, *Chief of Division.*

The PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS are issued weekly by the United States Public Health Service through its Division of Sanitary Reports and Statistics, pursuant to acts of Congress approved February 15, 1893, and August 14, 1912.

They contain: (1) Current information of the prevalence and geographic distribution of preventable diseases in the United States in so far as data are obtainable, and of cholera, plague, smallpox, typhus fever, yellow fever, and other communicable diseases throughout the world. (2) Articles relating to the cause, prevention, or control of disease. (3) Other pertinent information regarding sanitation and the conservation of the public health.

The PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS are intended primarily for distribution to health officers, members of boards or departments of health, and those directly or indirectly engaged in or connected with public health or sanitary work. Articles of general or special interest are issued as reprints from the PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS or as supplements, and in these forms are available for general distribution to those desiring them.

Requests for and communications regarding the PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS, reprints, or supplements should be addressed to the Surgeon General, United States Public Health Service, Washington, D. C.

ADDITIONAL COPIES
OF THIS PUBLICATION MAY BE PROCURED FROM
THE SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
WASHINGTON, D. C.
AT
5 CENTS PER COPY
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $2 PER YEAR

CONTENTS.

Page.

Sickness records for industrial establishments 2593
Malaria in England in 1917 and 1918—An analysis of reports and papers on malaria contracted in England in 1917 and 1918, issued by the Local Government Board 2605
Child-welfare organization 2609
Division of venereal diseases—Reports received from State boards of health for July, August, and September, 1919 2614
Ordinance regulating food and soft drink establishments upheld 2616
Deaths during week ended November 1, 1919:
  In certain large cities of the United States 2617
  Death claims reported by insurance companies 2617

PREVALENCE OF DISEASE.

United States:
  Current State summaries—
    Telegraphic reports for week ended November 8, 1919 2618
    Kentucky report for week ended November 1, 1919 2623
  Summary of cases reported monthly by States 2625
  Reciprocal notification—Massachusetts 2625
  Anthrax—Camden, N. J., and Portland, Oreg 2626
  Cerebrospinal meningitis—
    State reports for September, 1919 2626
    City reports for week ended October 25, 1919 2626
  Influenza—Cases reported by State health officers, week ended November 8, 1919 2626
  Leprosy—Hawaii report for September, 1919 2627
  Malaria—
    Alabama and Virginia—September, 1919 2627
    City reports for week ended October 25, 1919 2628
  Pellagra—
    Alabama and Virginia—September, 1919 2628
    City reports for week ended October 25, 1919 2628
  Pneumonia—City reports for week ended October 25, 1919 2629
  Poliomyelitis (infantile paralysis)—
    State reports for September, 1919 2630
    City reports for week ended October 25, 1919 2630
  Rabies in animals—Joplin, Mo., and Petersburg, Va 2630
  Smallpox—
    State reports for September, 1919 2630
    City reports for week ended October 25, 1919 2631
  Tetanus—City reports for week ended October 25, 1919 2631
  Typhoid fever—
    State reports for September, 1919 2632
    City reports for week ended October 25, 1919 2633
  Typhus fever—New York, N. Y., and Winston-Salem, N. C 2634
  Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis—City reports for week ended October 25, 1919 2634

Foreign: Page.
Australia—Influenza—Mortality, August 15 to September 12, 1919..... 2641
Chosen (Korea)—Cholera in Provinces—September 12 to October 1, 1919.. 2641
Cuba—
Communicable diseases—Habana—October 11 to 20, 1919..... 2641
Smallpox—Vaccination orders..... 2642
Honduras—Yellow fever—Amapala—August 30 to September 6, 1919..... 2642
Japan—Influenza—October, 1918, to March, 1919..... 2642
Cholera, plague, smallpox, typhus fever, and yellow fever—
Reports received during week ended November 14, 1919—
Cholera..... 2643
Plague..... 2643
Smallpox..... 2643
Typhus fever..... 2644
Yellow fever..... 2644
Reports received from June 28 to November 7, 1919—
Cholera..... 2644
Plague..... 2647
Smallpox..... 2648
Typhus fever..... 2653
Yellow fever..... 2655
Correction—Yellow fever at Cartagena erroneously reported..... 2655